HOME CIRCLE.

NO SECT IN HEAVEN.

(FROM AN ENGLISH POPM.)

Talking of sects 'till late one eve,
if the various doctrines the saints believe.
That night I stood in a troubled dream,
By the side of a darkly-flowing stream.

And a "Churchman" down to the river came; When I heard a strange voice call his name, Good Father, stop; when you cross this tide, You must leave your robes on the other side,"

But the aged father did not mind, And his long gown floated out behind, the down to the stream his way be took, illis pale hands clasping a gilt-edged book. I'm bound for heaven, and when I'm there I shall want my book of Common Prayer:
An though I put on a Starry Crown,
I should feel quite lost without any gown."

Then he fixed his eyes on the shining track, But his gown was heavy, and held him back, and the poor old father tried in vain, A single step in the flood to gain.

saw him again on the other side. But his silk gown floated on the tide; And no one asked in that blissful spot, Whether he belonged to "the Church" or not. Then down to the river a Quaker strayed,

can not go any other way." Then he buttoned his coat straight up to his chin, And staidly, solemnly waded in, And his broad-brimmed hat he pulled down

Over his forehead, so cold and white.

is dress of a sober hue was made; My coat and hat must be allo; grey,

As he entered Heaven, his suit of grey Went quietly sailing away—away— And none of the angels questioned him about the bredth of his beaver's brim.

Next came Dr. Watts, with a bundle of Psalms Tied nicely up in his aged arms, and Hyms as many a very nice thing. That the people in Heaven, all round might

and I thought he heaved an anxious sigh as he saw that the river ran broad and high, and looked rather surprised as, one by one, the Psalms and Hymns in the wave went down.

And after him, with his M.S.S., Lame Wesley, pattern of godliness; Sathe cried, "Dear me, what shill I do? The water has soaked them through and through.

And there on the river, far and wide, Away they went down the swollen tide, and the saint astonished, passed through alone. Without his Manuscripts, up to the Throne,

Then gravely walking, two saints by name, Down to the stream together came, but as they stopped by the river's brink, saw one saint from the other shrink.

Sprinkled or plunged, may I ask of you, How you attained to life's great end 22

Thus, with a few drops on my brow: "But I have been dipped, as you'll see me

and I really think it will hardly do. As I close communion to cross with you; You're bound, I know for the realms of bliss, But you must go that way, and I'll go this. The n plunging in with all his might, A way to the left, his friend to the right, A part they went from this world of sin,

But at last together they entered in. and now, when the river was rolling on. Presbyterian Church went down; women there seemed an innumerable throng, at the men I could count as they passed

and concerning the road they could never agree, the old or the are way, which could it be: Nor ever a moment paused to think, That both would lead to the river's brink.

and a song of murmuring long and loud, one ever up from the moving crowd:

ou're in the old way. I'm in the new,

is the false and this is the true

'm in the old way and you're in the new. at h the false, and this is the true.

but the a rethren only seemed to speak. and the a retarrent onto seemed to speak, and deet the sisters walked, and meet and if ever one of them chanced to say. What trouble she met with on the way, low she longs of to pass to the other side, for feared to on asso or the swelling tide, a voice arose from a the brethren them. Let no one speak but the holy men. In have ye not hear of the words of Paul, the words at the words of Paul,)h ! 'et the women k eep silence all .

watched them long in my curious dream, fill they stood by the b. rders of the stream; hen just as I thought, the two ways met, at all the brethren were a sking yet, and would talk on till the a caving tide, Carried the over side by side e-lide by side, for the way was one-The toilsome journey of life was done, and all who in Christ the Sawier died, ame out alike on the other side.

to poems, or crosses, or books had they. o gowns of silk, or suits of grey.
To creeds to guide them, or M.S.S.,
The all had put on Christ's righteousness.

An Obstinate Jurer.

Alternate ridicule and obloquy have long een the uncomfortable portion of that one oryman of the else unanimous twelve who nexorably, refuses to agree with his exasration of justice, and a venerable English ling the presentation, to perform his part, udge, recently deceased, was wont to with which was well and gracefully done. ne instance in his earlier judicial experie

uoge in the Court of Common Pleas for he number of a neighboring landlord, with whome he was known to have been on biterly unfriendly terms, protested actually with prayers and tears that he was wholly anocent of the dreadful crime, though ac knowledging his enmity to the dead man in account of some disputed boundary between their properties, and that the inthing he were and afterward concealed on the day of the tragedy was deeply stained with human blood. As he earnestly told and reiterated his story-he was taking a morning walk, as customary, across the the neids of a certain farm, when he stumbled panthe body of a man, who was lying dead enongst some corn with two deep wounds n his breast, appearently made by a pitch- here. fork near at hand. Raising the prostrate agure to ascertain if life yet remained, he vas stained by the blood, and discovered hat the victim was his own quarrelsome eighbor. Humanity at first impelled him o give an alarm; but in another moment he thought of well-known differences with the slain man fixed him with cowardhe idea so increased in its terror that he tirned back to his home, removed his dis-stored coulding, and hid it in the barn

to the Court; and despite the prisoner's passionate persistency in it, and despairing cry that "God and his conscience knew him to be wholly innocent," the case went to the jury with apparently absolute

certainty of instantaneous conviction.
Such, indeed, must have been the result but for the dissent of one juror, and he the foreman. This person, a man of education, high social and moral estimation and large high social and moral estimation and large property, begged the Judge to permit the jury to retire for consulation, and then so reasoned, pleaded, and actually pray-ed with his associates against their unanimous judgment as to fairly weary them finally into joining him in verdict of acquittal. But the astounded Chief Justice indigenently refused to accept the verdict. indignantly refused to accept the verdict, and sent them back again and again to their room until at last he was obliged to accept it. The unhappy men, cursing their foreman, were discharged in disgrace, "with the blood of an unavenged murder left at their door:" though the prisoner, at his unexpected and seemingly miraculous release, fell upon his knees in court with the cry: "You see, my lord, that God and a clear conscience can save the lost," When the Judge subsequently heard by

what means so strange a verdict had been effected, and that the man responsible for it was both intelligent and of high characit was both intelligent and of high character, he obtained a conference with the obstinate juror and adjured him to explain his incomprehensible conduct in the matter. The late foreman exacted a pledge of secrecy to last during his own lifetime, and then camly told why he had labored so inflexibly for the accused man's life. On the morning of the murder the man doomed to be killed, who was the tithing-man of the parish, called early to collect tithes on the speaker's corn, and was so arbitrary and violent in his manner as to provoke indignant remoustrance. Becoming enraged, the tithestrance. Becoming enraged, the tithe-gatherer assaulted the other with a pitch fork which he was carying, and which belonged to a neigbor, and in defence of his life the assailed man wrested the weapon away, and in so doing inflicted wounds of which the aggressor fell ded on his way home

So the actual slayer was the coming foreman of the jury-a position be secured for himself at great pains and experse, that dreadful punishment for a crime which he had himself committed in self-defence.

Goldsmith on his Trayels.

Goldsmith, as Boswell said to Johnson years afterward, "disputed his passage through Europe." Through Flanders and France to Paris, thence to Geneva, and France to Paris, thence to Geneva, and over the Alps into Northern and Central Italy, as far as Florence, he wended his way, most often on foot, working his passage by playing his flute, and making himself popular with the natives of many countries with jocose antics and humorous stories. Many adventures had he, which he related on his return with much gusto. He partook of the free hospitalities of the he related on his return with much gusto. He partook of the free hospitalities of the monks in the monasteries, slept on straw in humble barns, and when he reached a village would pull out his flute and strike up a lively air, to which the rustics would respond with dances, and in recompense for which he would obtain a modest lodging and something to eat. When he came to extremities he did not disdain to bey; and in Italy. he did not disdain to beg; and in Italy, where the surfeif of music rendered his poor flute powerless, he used to earn his keeping by engaging in the competitive discussions at the universities, the champi-on of which would claim a free dinner and bed. "In this manner," he says, "I fought my way toward England, walked along from city to city, and, if I may so expressit, saw both sides of the pleture." At Paris he was delighted, and observed things which induced him to predict the revoluwhich induced him to predict the revolu-tion which broke out nearly forty years after; and at Geneva he visited Voltaire, at whose house he saw Diderot and Fonten-elle, and heard Voltaire make a magnificent defense of England. He ate " savory dinners" on the summits of Alpine passes, "flushed" woodcocks on Mount Jura, and meditated themes which afterward took poetic shape in his immortal poem of The So wandering, he returned in time to England, having made the grand tour almost penniless, and enriched his mind with a stock of minute observation which was to serve him in precious stead in the future.—George M. Towle., in Harper's Mayazine for April.

Watch Presentation at Rockwood.

EDITORS CHRONICLE: The operatives connected with the Rockwood coal mines held a meeting last night for the purpose of presenting to Capt. J. T. Harris, the ef-ficient superintendent of these mines, a splendid gold watch purchased by them and designated as a testimonial of their high esteem for him as their employer.

Mr. Larkin Mullers, the oldest miner in the place, was called to the chair, and presided over the meeting with dignity. Having stated the object of the meeting, erated associates on a verdict; but there the motives which prompted the offering, agve been cases in which his seeming percalled upon Mr. Thos. Griffiths, Sr., to ersity has proved ultimately to be the sal-whom had been assigned the duty of mak-

one instance in his earner late to an assume when such perversity led to an assume when as a such perversity led to an assume when a such perversity led to an assume when a such perversity led to an assume when a such perv terms of the men in his employment, and stated that during the six years of labor at according the mines there had not occurred a single cardifficulty of a serious character among the He said that he had been guided by principle in his course towards his em-ployees heretofore, and that in the future, as in the past, he would act towards them in strict accordance with the golden rule,

Thanking them heartily for the expression of friendship thus given, he resumed his seat amid the cheers of the men. Mr. Richard Francis was then called for, and read a beautiful poem in Welsh, in-scribed to Capt. Harris, which was render-ed in English by Rev. Mr. Thomas, of

Chattauo aga, who is visiting his old friends Altogether, the exercises were exceed ingly pleasant. Capt. Harris is a noble man, and has endeared himself to his men by acts of kindness which will never be forgotten. They too, are worthly men-men of warm hearts and generous impul-ses, who are better liked as they are better

A Kentucky paper apologises for having spoken of the "red-headed, undigonat stored clothing, and hid it in the barn mule who dispenses the county money,"

where the police afterwards found it.
But this stary did not appear reasonable, validant soil."

Tributes to the Departed Statesman.

The Boston Journal says that an inti-mate and esteemed friend of Mr. Sumner has this morning received the following touching tributes to the great worth of the departed statesman from the poet Whittier and Henry Ward Beecher. Mr Whittier

"The dear and noble Sumner! My heart is too full for words, and in deepest sympathy of sorrow I reach out my hands to thee, who loved him so well. He has died as he wished to, at his post of duty, and when the heart of his beloved Massachusetts was turned toward him with more than the oldtime love and revereuce. God's peace be

Rev. Mr. Beecher writes as follows:
"The telegraph flashes the tidings of
Sumner's death. It is well. He

had intense sympathy for moral principles. "He was raised up to the work preceding and following the war. His eulogy will be: A lover of his country, an advocate of universal liberty, and the most eloquent and high minded of all the statesmen of that period in which America made the transition from slavery to liberty."

Concerning certain authors, and the religious denominations to which they belong, it may be mentioned that Charles Dudley Warner and "Mark Twain" are Trinitarian Congregationalists, attending the same church in Hartford; and other Congregationalists of that school are Holland, Lucy Larcom, Elizabeth Stuart Phelps, "Gail Hamilton," Horace. E. Scudder, and Wendell Phillips, who used to attend the Old South, Boston, which sanctuary hestill frequents, we suppose, for postal purposes. Higginson, Parton, and Cranch are free Religionists, Colonel Higginson having once been a Unitarian minginson having once been a Unitarian min-ister, and Mr. Cranch being a graduate of the Harvard Divinity School. Emerson and A. Bronson Alcott are, of course, Transcendentalists, and Miss L. M. Alcott's sympathies are also with this school. Epes Sargent and Robert Dale Owen are Spirit-ualists, Edward Eggleston is a Methodist and a doctor of divinity, Mrs. A. D. T. Whitney is a Swedenborgain, John Boyle O'Reilly is a Roman Catholic, and the Episcopalians are represented by R. H. Dana, Jun., John Hay, and Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe. Whittier is a Quaker of liberal tendencies, although he does not, we believe, call himself a Hicksite.

THE galleries were crowded to here Mr. Schurz. He is their idol; but there was one listener whose interest was his inspira-tion. Mrs. Schurz is the most sincere of worshipers at that shrine. Her husband is always sure of one devoted hearer when he speaks in public, so twith standing she has already approved all that was written of the speech. He always acknowledges her presence in the Senate at such times with an expectant look. She answered him to day, as she often does, with a congratulatory wave of her handkerchief. Hard work and uncommon intellect have given him the position he holds; inheritance ! Gilled her lap with the fortune they deserve! But the most beautiful thing about the Senator and Mrs. Schurz is the love-like devotion which seems to have strengthened day by day for these more than twenty years—Weshington Letter.

Chinese Marriage Laws.

In the mixed court at Shanghai a somewhat complicated change of improper matrimony has recently been decided. The man was an actor, and being found was in jail, also, the man was subject to terrible torture-strung up a whole night by the thumbs, and placed in a wooden collar which presses on the throat.

O. P. Temple, Jr., is announced as a candidate to represent Greene county in the lower House of the next State Legislature. He is a nephew of our esteemed Chancellor, and a young man we have al-ways heard highly spoken of.

COMMERCIAL.

RNOXVILLE WHOLESALE MARKETS.

CHEGNICLE OFFICE, KNOXVILLE, TENN.,

March 24, 1874. Transactions in grain during the past week have been light and void of interest. A large ortion of the cotton section is being supplied with western Conwin New Orleans, at a lower rate of freight than has heretofore been known, hence a light demand from this section. We can not quote the corn market for shipment south at over 58 to 50 cents loose, and 65 to 66 cents sacked in depot. Some small lots bring a few cents more for local consumption. These are buying prices: selling, sacked in depot, at 70 cents. WHEAT nominal, at \$1.50 to \$1.60 for white. Bacon quiet and unchanged. From dull, with ample stock on the market. Capt. Harris replied in a speech of some | The following are the quotations of leading length, showing how he had risen from a articles:

LARD—Country in case, 9a10; in firkins, Fa-ter old, unsalable.

OATS—Light demand, selling at 45c loose, HAY—Fair demand, \$1,90a1.10 bated, Laure

from wagens, 75c per 100 lbs.
DRIED FAUIT-Scurrely any in market, prices

FLOUR-Good demand; country family, \$4.25; extra, \$0.50a3.75. Knoxville City Mills, our standard family," \$4.50; Pearl Mills fam-ily, \$4.20; City Mills ertra, \$4.15; Pearl Mills entra, Salbo.

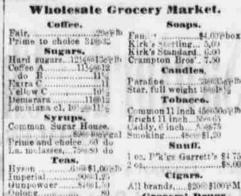
Bacos-For well smoked, dealers are paying Shale, kee round, buying selling, buc, Buying, shoulders, 7c; rides, 9c; bams, 9s%c, selling, shoulders, 8aSic; sides, 9aloc.

FROTHER-Buying, prime. 50m55; mixed, BUTTER-In demand at 15a25, for freeh. Eces—In demand at Paid cents. Nase—Cotton, 2s2lc.

SEZEWAX-28c per pound. on acco-Tenwessen leaf, Saitte. GRASS North Atmothy, \$4.25a4.50 per bush Clover, \$7.00a7.50 Herds grass, \$1.50 Blue \$1.50

Girarns-S5490c. Good lets leave brought \$1.10.
Sinker & Shado. Good lets leave brought \$1.10.
Sinker & Shake - Dull, Sc.
Yellow Roor - Dull, Sc.
Wool - Washed, doubto per ill
Form - All kinds dull and low.

Wholesale Grocery Market.



All brands, \$200 \$100 PM Grocers' Drugs. Oolong Breakfast 75/11.25 Spires. 300 Indigo, S.F., \$1,25001,50700 do Manilia 1,25001,35 Dutch Madder 170018c30e7tb Shot and Lead. Ginger

Drugs.

The spring trade in drugs as in other lines is The spring trade in drugs as in other lines is slow in opening, and as a consequence we have to chronicle a quiet week, though with signs of an early improvement. We have few changes in prices to notice leading articles remaining at old figures. We quote gum camphor at 50 cents per lb.; gum asafoetida, 75 cents per lb.; gum guaisc, 75 cents per lb.; nutmegs, \$1.60 per lb.; pepper, 30 cents per lb.; cinnamon bark, 50 cents per lb.; licorice (mass) by the case, 25 cents per lb.; contains per gallon; contains p b.; coal oil, 125° fire test, 30 cents per gallon Dr. Hart's family medicines at former prices.

Live Stock Market.

[These reports are made up from actual sales, and the readers of the CHRONICLE may rely upon their correctness.]

BEEF CATTLE.

The arrival of cattle has been very large since our last report. Some eight or ten car loads left here last week. Most of them were shipped to Virginia to grass. The market for best cattle is firm at last quotations, both for shipping and butchering purposes. We quote best shipping butchering purposes. We quote best shipping cattle at Sec. Butchers are paying for No. 1 steers, weighing from 1,200 to 1,500, Se to 4c. Fat cattle, S to Sec. Common to good dull at

The market is dull, the best sell at 41 to 45 cents; common to good 4 to 41 cents; dressed 41 to 5 cents.

The arrival has been light, and market is firm. Best sheep sell from 35 to 32 cents.

Knoxville Ketall Market.

ю		н
	Apples—dried. 10212 BB Meal. \$ bus. 7885 am Butter. 90835 BB Beans, dry. 58105 bg Beans, dry.	
	Cotton Yarns, #dos.818629 Sugar-crushed #1b 15 Corn,	

Knoxville Lumber Market.

Rough boards and scantling, \$15.00 a 16.00 cr 1,000 feet.
Clear seasoned plank, \$20.00a25.00
Dressed weatherboarding, \$18.00a20.00.
Flooring, \$35.00a40.
Ceiling, \$30.00a35.00. per 1,000 feet.

Black walnut, green, \$30.00a35.00; seasoned 40.00a50.00. Oak posts sawed tapering, 20c each,

Rough cedur posts, 20c.
Tapered cedur posts, 30c.
Sawed laths per thousand, 3.00a3.50.
Sawed shing les, \$4.00a5.00.
Shaved shing es \$4.50a5.50.

Chat, tauooga Market, Corrected 1 to March, 24, 1874.)

Grain—Corn, but ving, on the wharf, 77a,78; selling, in the depot, 80a81. Oats per bushel, buying, on the wharf, 55; selling, in the depot, 61a62; Whest, \$1.20a1.50.

Hay—Prinne clover, a ew, per ton, \$15.00a21.00, Timothy and Herds Graus per ton, \$18.00a22.00 Flour—Choice, \$0.00a1.25; extra family, \$8.00 a8.50; family, 7.00a8.00; uperfine, \$7.00a7.50.

Bulk Meats—Clear and S. 9½; shoulders, 75; hams, 10a10jc. hams, 10a104c. Bacon-Clear sides, 10; a coulders, 8; hams

Lard-Prime leaf, tierce, 1894 103; in cans, 10a11. Country Produce—Butter, p. 10 pound, 20a25. Eggs, per dozen, 8a10. Chreica 18, each, 15a20. Potatoes, Irish, per bushel, 75a24 (1896), \$1.00a

Richmond Price Curra Corrected to March Bul. J

The following are the quotations of leading articles:

WHEAT—New prime white, nominal, \$1,50a
Cons—White, 58 to 60 cents loose; sacked 65
we dents in depot; selling at 70 cents on the large.

Lian Country are fall, in falls. 7, 49 42 Shucks, Venisco, bams and saddles, care, very Wool, tub-washed, free of burs, 20-50 washed, free of burs, 25a30c, Corn 80c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, March 14,-Business generally ulet in all branches to-day, with commission ouses and jobbing trade inactive. The market for cotton goods continues quiet and unsettled, with considerable irregularity in jobbers' quotations. Prints less active but unchanged in prices. Rolled jacconets of some makes, lobbing at 7:c. Dress goods were selling freely Woolens were without animation.

Enreka Mills Flour.

DANDRIDGE, TENN., Mar. 24, 1874.
The following quotations of Eureka Mills haur, Dr. J. Nat Lyle, proprietor, are made from actual sales.
Royal Fancy, —; Extra Pastry, —
Family, \$4.25; Superfine, \$4.00; Fine,—.

Richmond Grain Market. Corrected to March 19th, 1874.]

Wheat—White, 460 bushels at prices ranging from 1.50 to \$1.80; red, 50 bushels at 1.75. Corn—White, 185 bushels at 80c. Outs—630 bushels at 63a 65c. Meal.—Unboiled 74 bushels at 80a 54 cents.

MARKETS.

New York Market.

New York, March 24.—Money easy, 3a4. Gold weak, \$1.11;a1.11;. Governments dull and steady. States quiet and nominal.

inal.
Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat la
2 better. Corn lc. better and in fair demand, 87a⁹⁰; new Western mixed, 90; high
mixed and yellow, 10a911; old Western
mixed, 90; new yellow Southern, 881;
white Western, 90. Coffee quiet and unchanged. Sugar in fair demand and unchanged. Molasses steady and small business. Rice quiet and unchanged. Petros ranged. Molasses steady and mess. Rice quiet and unchanged. Petro-leum firmer; crude, 61; refined, \$1.04]. Tallow quiet, 7 a7\$. Pork firm; new, \$16.12\$, Beef quiet; mess, \$10.50a11.00. Lard heavy, 9 7-16. Whisky firmer, 57.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, March, 24.—Flour steady, 6.70a\$7,00. Corn easier, 62a63. Pork quiet, held at 15.75a\$15.87]; lard steady, steam, 81. Bacon steady, shoulders 6]; clear rib 9; clear 9]. Whisky quiet and firm at 91c.

New York General Market.

(Corrected to March 20.)

Coffee—There has been a very limited demand reported for Rio and Santos, quotations for which have been further reduced \(\frac{1}{2}\)c. Its since Tuesday; offerings comparatively liberal, Sales. to-day, only 505 bags Rio, by the Teniers, at 247c., gold. The report of the sale by Asteria, at Baltimore, should have read 2,540 bags sold, supposed at 234c., gold. Other kinds quiet, but held with some show of confidence. We quete invoices thus: Rio, ordinary, 21\(\frac{1}{2}\)c. 22\(\frac{1}{2}\)c. 23\(\frac{1}{2}\)c. gold per lb., 60 days' credit:

Sugars—Raw have been moderately sought after, mostly for refining purposes, with values quoted firm, on less urgent offerings, especially of really desirable goods. Sales were made of \$15\)hds, and 98 bxs., including 384 hhds. Cen-

of really desirable geods. Sales were made of \$15 hhds. and 98 bxs., including 384 hhds. Centrifugal at 8½c; 140 hhds. do. at \$2c; 98 bxs. do. at \$2c; 130 hhds. Refining Muscovado at 7½c; 51 hhds. Fair Refining do. at 7%; 21 hhds. Common to Good Refining do. at 7%; 21 hhds. Grocery do. at 7%c, per 1b. We quote: Fair Refining, 7%c; Good do., 7%c; Prime do.; 7%; Fair to Choice Grocery do., Nos. 10 and 1%, Sc. a8%c.

a8ic. Wool-Sales have been reported during the wool—Sales have been reported during the week of 295,000 lbs. Domestic Fleece at from 33a57c., chiefly at 45a55.; 41,000 lbs unwashed stock at 29a40c., mainly at 57a40c.; 42,500 lbs. Tub-washed, parily at 44a55c., 16,500 lbs. Combing at 50a60c.; 60,000 fbs. Scoured at 55a40c., chiefly at 70a85.

Eggs-Are heavy; lales were made of Wostern at 16a17c.

Augusta Market.

From a price list of a leading Augusta commission merchant under a late date we take
the following market report:

Meats—Market dull, with easier prices.
Smoked C. R. sides, tra9s; shoulders, 7:a71;
dry salt short rib sides, 8i; shoulders 7c. Hams
continue dull, with large offerings at 12 to 18ic.
according to brand and average weight.
Lard—Dull; tierces, 10i; cans, 11 cents.
Corn—Market quies; white \$1.05; mixed,
\$1.02.

Oats-In better demand at 67 cents for mixed,

Oats-In better demand at 57 cents for white.

72 cents for white.

Whest-Very dull and nominal. White,
\$1.75; amber, \$1.65; red, \$1.00.

Peas-In demand. Mixed, \$1.15; clay, \$1.95.

Flour-Quiet, The only demand is for extra and family in 49lb. sacks. Superfine, \$7.00; extra, \$8.00; family, \$8.50; fancy, \$9.50.

Hay-Quiet, Mixed, \$1.25; choice timethy, \$1.25

Baltimore Cattle Market.

Thursday, March 19, 1874.

Bree Cattle.—The market this week was more active even than it was last week, the receipts being more limited.

Prices to-day for Beef Cattle ranged as follows: Best Beeves at 6.50\$57.25; that generally rated first quality 5.50\$\$6.50; medium or good fair quality 4.50\$\$5.50; ordinary thin Steers, Oxen and Cows 3.50\$\$4.50; inferior and lowest control of Cattle 200.000.

grades of Cattle 0 00a\$0 00-general average of the market to-day \$550; extreme range of prices 3 50a\$7 25. Most of the sales were from 5 00 to \$6 00 per 100 lbs.

SHEEP.—There has been a very light run this week, and the demand has been good from Eastern and Washington buyers, and prices have advanced since last week. Common to extra wool at 428 cents, and sheared Speep at as cts per lb gross.

Hoss.—There has quite a light run this week,

We quote cornfed Hogs at 7 75a\$8 50, and stall-fed at 7 25a\$8 per 100 lbs net.

Baltimore General Market. (Corrected to linh March.)

FURS.—Prices remains unchanged and are quoted firm as follows: Mink la\$2: Muskrat 15a20 cts.: Raccoon 15a30 cents; Skunk 10a50 cents; Red Fox 50 cents to \$1 25; Grey Fox 20a40 cents; Fisher 5a\$7; Otter 2a\$5: Black Bear 3a\$7: Wild Cat 20 cents; Opossum 5a\$ cents: House Cat 10 cents.

—Eggs—Continue to rule low; sales range at 15a10 cents per dozen for fresh.

New York Live Stock Market.

New York, March 16.

Beef Cattle—The receipts to-day were 600 head, making 5,625 head for four days, against 2,600 head for same time last week. There was no change in prices, but, with better weather, the market was firmer and more active; choice western, 124a13, to dress 58 lb to the gross cwi-Mixed Missouri and Texas, 103a12; common native steers, 103a101c., to dress 56 lbs to the

Richmond Live Stock Market,

Live stock scales report from the 12th to the 18th of March, 1874; Cattle-119 head sold, from common to extra.

at 34stic., gross and dull. Sheep—Sold from 5a7c., gross and scarce Hogs—Sold from 7:a8ic., net, with fair sup-

Veal-Per head, \$5a10.

ERMLA

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Dandridge Cards,

N. BLACKBURN, Atterney at Law and Solitor in Chancery. Dandridge, Tennessee. D. 14 1. MEEK, Attorney at Law and Solfeiter in Dandridge, Tennessee. John A

TORCE BROWN,

reet, near Market Equare, Union St Di American Calf Skins, French and M AND GAX-TANNED

LEATHER. SOLE . cheaper than any in the city. Thread and Hill. Shoe Nails, ves. Bootweiking, Heel Hell, ets. Ink, &c. By the side or pattern, those Thread, Machine Hirstler, Wax, block Kni Toppings and Likings, Pa.

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